

New topic: Generative Modeling & Density Estimation

- Important & powerful class of ML techniques
- Generally unsupervised - learning from data, no labels
- Both aim to learn underlying $p_{\text{data}}(x)$ from samples

↓
with MLs, x could be very high dimensional! (hundreds, thousands, even millions of dim)

- GM: given samples $x_i \sim p_{\text{data}}(x)$
learn to generate more samples following p_{data} .

general approach: take $z \sim$ simple, known dist'n
e.g. $N(0, 1)^d$

learn map $z \xrightarrow{G} x$
s.t. $x \sim p_{\text{data}}(x)$.

| could have $d' \ll d$
"manifold hypothesis"

GM is "noise 2 real"

↓
data lives in $\mathbb{R}^d$
but secretly lives on a
submanifold of much lower
dimensions (data is
controlled by a much lower
dim'l latent space)

- DE: given samples $x_i \sim p_{\text{data}}(x)$
learn estimator ~~for~~ p_{data} for p_{data} itself
(so can report $p_{\text{data}}(x_i)$
also know it for new samples)

~~general approach~~ learn map
 $x \rightarrow z$ s.t. $z \sim N(0, 1)^{d'}$

• Note: GM & DE similar but can do one v/out other!

— Can learn GM w/ pdata implicitly (GAN, VAE)

— Can learn DE w/out being able to sample (KDE)

• Many pot'l applications of GM & DE!

— countless industry applications (deepfakes, chatbots, ...)

— in physics & astronomy

— fast simulation: surrogate modeling

eg ~~forming~~ star particles
into stars

— upsampling

— simulation based inference



learn $p(x|\theta)$ or $p(\theta|x)$

from samples (x, θ) , perform MLE $\rightarrow \theta$

or sample from posterior

powerful if x, θ very high dim'd — full phase space

beyond summary statistics

fast if $p(x|\theta)$ slow to evaluate

(faster than MCMC)

but forward model fast to run

— phase space integration / importance sampling

know $p(x)$ exactly but can't sample from it

fit model for $p(x)$ to $p(x)$, sample from model to integrate over $p(x)$

generate samples

— expensive

train GM on samples

generate more

— fast

see paper tonight
using this for pulsar timing arrays!
uses LSTMs to!

- anomaly detection

- low $p(x)$ - rare?

- learn $p(x|y)$ for $y \in CR$

interpolate y into SR

set background model, fully data driven
for x

useful beyond
anomaly detection
of course!

- probably more applications out there!

4 classes of NN-based GMs:

- GANs

- VAEs

- Flows (also DE)

- Diffusion (als. AE)

Plan is to introduce class to each one, with examples
